

QObject Life-Cycle

things learned when implementing
a general purpose QtContacts engine

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Introduction

- Working on qtcontacts-tracker since Feb. 2010
- First serious Qt project for me,
but strong GNOME background.
- The life cycle issues hits us badly...
- Surprised to see such issues in Qt...
- Seems everyone knows the problems...
...so maybe time to finally address them with Qt5?



Smart Pointers vs. Threads

```
if (ptr.isNull()) {  
    ptr->doSomething();  
}
```



Smart Pointers vs. Threads

```
{  
    QMutexLocker locker(&mutex);  
  
    if (not ptr.isNull()) {  
        ptr->doSomething();  
    }  
}
```



Smart Pointers vs. Threads

```
QMutexLocker locker(&mutex);  
{  
    if (not ptr.isNull()) {  
        ptr->doSomething();  
    }  
}
```

...how to force API users to lock that mutex before causing object destruction?



QSharedPointer failing

- `QSharedPointer<Foo>(...)->start();`
- `Foo::start() { engine()->start(this); }`
- `Engine::start(Foo *req)`
 {
 `register(QSharedPointer<Foo>(req)); // autsch!`
 }



Things that ~QObject() breaks

```
QObject::~~QObject()  
{  
  
    ...  
  
    QObjectPrivate::clearGuards(this);  
  
    ...  
  
    if (d->sharedRefCount) { ... }  
  
    ...  
}
```



Things that ~QObject() breaks

...

```
emit destroyed(this);
```

...

```
QAbstractDeclarativeData::destroyed()
```

...

```
// disconnect all receivers
```

...



Things that ~QObject() breaks

...

```
// unregister pending timers
```

...

```
d->deleteChildren();
```

...

```
}
```



Things that ~QObject() breaks

- **Summary:** Every single life-cycle mechanism*) only kicks in, when the affected object is reduced to a plain QObject and any subclass aspect has been removed already!!!
- **Implication:** Relying on Qt4 object management causes memory corruption, crashes.

*) QPointer, QSharedPointer, QWeakPointer, QML, signals, parent ownership, ...



Our Hackish Workarounds

```
QContactFetchRequest::~~QContactFetchRequest()
{
    ...
    engine->destroyNotify(this);
    ...
}
```



Our Hackish Workarounds

```
QctEngine::requestDestroyed(... *request)
{
    QMutexLocker l(d->m_requestLifeGuard);
    ...
}
```



Our Hackish Workarounds

```
QctRequestLocker QctEngine::request(... *worker)
{
    return QctRequestLocker
        (m_requests.value(worker),
         QMutexLocker(&d->m_requestLifeGuard));
}
```



Our Hackish Workarounds

```
void QctSomeWorker::run()
{
    ...
    engine()->updateStatus
        (ugly_casts<>(engine()->request(this)), ...)
    ...
}
```



An IMHO Nicer Solution

```
void QObject::unref()
{
    if (not d->refCount.unref()) {
        emit disposing();
        dispose(); // maybe also use signal to cleanup
    }             // from proper thread...
}
```



Session Conclusions

- ideally QObject should have two-phase construction and destruction, but it is cumbersome to implement in C++:
 - wrapper objects break polymorphism
 - explicit construction, reference and unref methods radially break Qt API and C++ paradigms (stack allocation, delete keyword, ...)
 - language support would be needed, but unrealistic in Qt5 time timescale



Session Conclusions

- Thiago will finish explicit QObject support in QWeakPointer::toStrongRef() - ABI constraints stopped that effort in Qt4
- provide mixin in spirit of QSharedData to properly support toStrongRef() for arbitrary objects
- maybe provide something like QctRequestLocker to keep objects fully alive in threaded context

